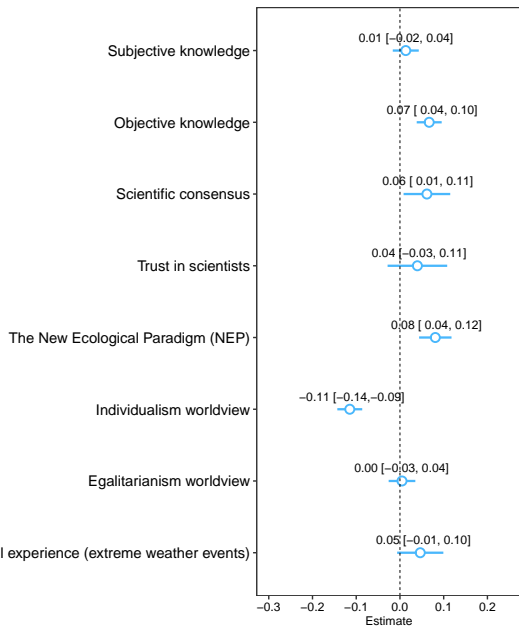
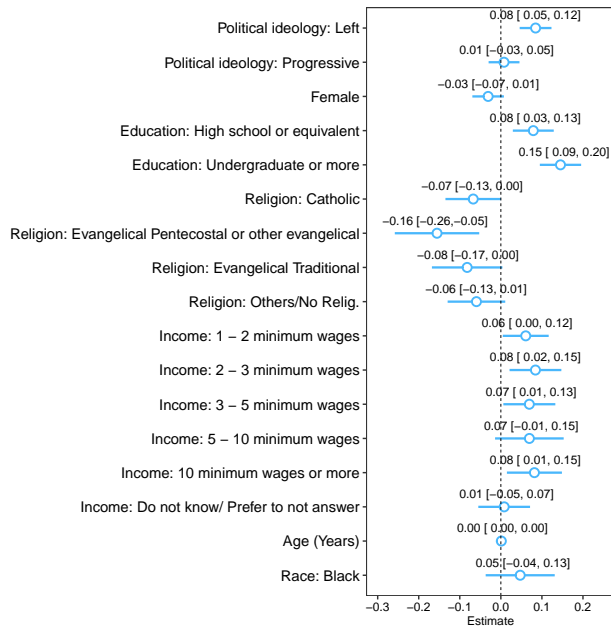


A. Psychological variables



B. Political ideology and Socio-Demographic variables



Notes: Results from an ordinary least squares (linear probability) model regressing the perception of climate change consequences on a set of independent variables (A) and socio-demographic characteristics (B). Respondents from all countries ($n = 2,887$ observations) are included in the model. For each independent variable, point estimates of the coefficients and confidence intervals, in brackets, are reported. Coefficients multiplied by one hundred are percentage point changes in the probability of believing climate change consequences will be negative given a unit increase in the covariates. The width of the confidence intervals for each coefficient is 95% with heteroskedasticity-robust standard errors. Reference baseline for Education is “Elementary (Primary) or less”, Religion is “Atheist” and Income is “0 – 1 minimum wages”.